# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 5 January 2022

: 23.02 Version



United

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name	: SIGMAZINC 102 HS / 109 HS HARDENER
Product code	: 00218768
Other means of identifi	cation
Not available.	

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Product use	: Professional applications, Used by spraying.	
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating.	
Uses advised against	: Product is not intended, labelled or packaged for consumer use.	

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

PPG Coatings Belgium BV/SRL Tweemontstraat 104 B-2100 Deurne Belgium Telephone +32-33606311 Fax +32-33606435

- e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS
- : Product.Stewardship.EMEA@ppg.com

# **National contact**

PPG Architectural Coatings UK Ltd, Huddersfield Road, Birstall, West Yorkshire WF17 9XA, Tel: +44 (0) 1924 354000

### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

### **Supplier**

+31 20 4075210

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS] Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830 Code : 00218768 Date of issue/Date of revision : 5 January 2022 SIGMAZINC 102 HS / 109 HS HARDENER SECTION 2: Hazards identification See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms. 2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms :

	$\vee$ $\vee$ $\vee$ $\vee$
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
-	P280, P210, P273, P391, P304 + P310, P403 + P233
Hazardous ingredients	<ul> <li>Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine Amides, from C18-unsatd. fatty acid dimers, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, reaction products with bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin polymer xylene</li> <li>2-methylpropan-1-ol</li> <li>2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol</li> <li>3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin</li> </ul>
Supplemental label elements	: Not applicable.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.
Special packaging requirem	<u>ients</u>
Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	: Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	: Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

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**3.2 Mixtures** 

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

: Mixture

			<b>Classification</b>	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	% by weight	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	REACH #: 01-2119972320-44 EC: 500-191-5 CAS: 68082-29-1	≥25 - ≤50	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Amides, from C18-unsatd. fatty acid dimers, tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine, reaction products with bisphenol A- epichlorohydrin polymer	CAS: 68953-09-3	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
2-methylpropan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
benzyl alcohol	REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1]
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl) phenol	REACH #: 01-2119560597-27 EC: 202-013-9 CAS: 90-72-2 Index: 603-069-00-0	≥5.0 - ≤10	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	EC: 203-950-6 CAS: 112-24-3 Index: 612-059-00-5	≥1.0 - <5.0	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 See Section 16 for the	[1]
			full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Xylene: Several REACH registrations cover the REACH registered substance with xylene isomers, ethylbenzene (and toluene). The other REACH Registrations include: 01-2119555267-33 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene, 01-2119486136-34 Aromatic hydrocarbons, C8, 01-2119539452-40 reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

[6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### **4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK) 4	/18
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Over-exposure signs/sym		
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.	
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Potential acute health eff	ects	

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# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

-	-
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special precautions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

# **SECTION 6:** Accidental release measures

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	5/18

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures			

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
	Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store between the following temperatures: 0 to 35°C (32 to 95°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

English (GB)

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# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

See Section 1.2 for Identified uses.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
<b>k</b> ylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methylpropan-1-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). STEL: 231 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 154 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
procedures atmosphere the ventilati	uct contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace e or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of ion or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the

the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.56 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
xylene	DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Inhalation Long term Oral Long term Inhalation	0.56 mg/kg bw/day 0.97 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.1 mg/kg bw/day 3.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 125 mg/kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 12.5 mg/kg bw/day 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population General population Workers General population General population General population General population General population Workers	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Systemic Systemic	
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# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
				Workers	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day		Systemic
2-methylpropan-1-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m³	Workers	Local
benzyl alcohol	DNEL	Long term Oral	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	20 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	22 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	27 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	40 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	110 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
-	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall- oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	-	Fresh water	0.043 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	3.84 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	434.02 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	43.4 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	86.78 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
xylene	-	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Marine water	0.327 mg/l	-
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	-	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	2.31 mg/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	-	Fresh water	0.4 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.04 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	1.56 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	0.156 mg/kg dwt	-
	-	Soil	0.076 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
ethylbenzene	-	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Marine water	0.01 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-		9.6 mg/l	Assessment Factors
	-	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Marine water sediment	1.37 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	-	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-

### 8.2 Exposure controls

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ECTION 8: Exposur	e controls/personal protection
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection Skin protection	: Chemical splash goggles and face shield. Use eye protection according to EN 166.
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time greater than 480 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 30 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use as included in the user's risk assessment.
Gloves	: nitrile neoprene
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti- static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary Wear a respirator conforming to EN140. Filter type: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter P3
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No	o. 1907/2006 (REACH),	Annex II, as amended by	Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830
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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physica	l a	nd chemical propert	ies										
<u>Appearance</u>													
Physical state	4	Liquid.											
Colour	:	Colourless.											
Odour	:	Amine-like.											
Odour threshold	:	Not available.											
рН	:	Not applicable. insoluble in water.											
Melting point/freezing point	:	May start to solidify a data for the following -64.11°C (-83.4°F)											
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	>37.78°C											
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 31°C											
Evaporation rate	:	Highest known value butyl acetate	: 0.84 (et	hylbenze	ne) Weighteo	l average	: 0.5com	pared with					
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	liquid											
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	:	Greatest known rang	e: Lower:	1.3% U	lpper: 13% (be	enzyl alco	hol)	Greatest known range: Lower: 1.3% Upper: 13% (benzyl alcohol)					
Vapour pressure	: [												
Vapour pressure	:		Vapou	ur Press	ure at 20°C	Vapo	ur press	sure at 50°C					
Vapour pressure	:	Ingredient name	Vapou mm Hg	1	ure at 20°C Method	Vapo mm Hg	ur press kPa	Sure at 50°C Method					
Vapour pressure	:	Ingredient name	_	1		mm	-	1					
Vapour pressure Vapour density			<b>mm Hg</b> <12 : 5.04 (A	<b>kPa</b> <1.6	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm Hg	kPa	Method					
	:	Image: Second	<b>mm Hg</b> <12 : 5.04 (A	<b>kPa</b> <1.6	Method DIN EN 13016-2	mm Hg	kPa	Method					
Vapour density	:	<ul> <li>Prmethylpropan-1-ol</li> <li>Highest known value</li> <li>average: 3.43 (Air =</li> </ul>	mm Hg <12 : 5.04 (A 1)	<b>kPa</b> <1.6 ir = 1) (3	Method DIN EN 13016-2 3,6-diazaoctar	mm Hg	kPa	Method					
Vapour density Relative density		Prmethylpropan-1-ol Highest known value average: 3.43 (Air = 0.95 Insoluble in the follow	mm Hg <12 : 5.04 (A 1)	<b>kPa</b> <1.6 ir = 1) (3	Method DIN EN 13016-2 3,6-diazaoctar	mm Hg	kPa	Method					
Vapour density Relative density Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/		Prmethylpropan-1-ol Highest known value average: 3.43 (Air = 0.95 Insoluble in the follow	mm Hg <12 : 5.04 (A 1)	<b>kPa</b> <1.6 ir = 1) (3	Method DIN EN 13016-2 3,6-diazaoctar	mm Hg	kPa	Method					
Vapour density Relative density Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water		Pmethylpropan-1-ol Highest known value average: 3.43 (Air = 0.95 Insoluble in the follow Not applicable.	mm Hg <12 : 5.04 (A 1) ving mate	<b>kPa</b> <1.6 ir = 1) (3	Method DIN EN 13016-2 3,6-diazaoctan d water.	mm Hg	diamin).	Method Weighted					
Vapour density Relative density Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Auto-ignition temperature		Prmethylpropan-1-ol Highest known value average: 3.43 (Air = 0.95 Insoluble in the follow Not applicable. 335°C (635°F)	mm Hg <12 : 5.04 (A 1) ving mate	<b>kPa</b> <1.6 ir = 1) (3	Method DIN EN 13016-2 3,6-diazaoctan d water.	mm Hg	diamin).	Method Weighted					
Vapour density Relative density Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature		Prinethylpropan-1-ol Highest known value average: 3.43 (Air = 0.95 Insoluble in the follow Not applicable. 335°C (635°F) Stable under recommender	mm Hg <12 : 5.04 (A 1) ving mate	kPa <1.6 ir = 1) (3 torage ar	Method DIN EN 13016-2 3,6-diazaoctan d water.	mm Hg nethylened	diamin).	Method Weighted					

# 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
fatty acids and triethylenetetramine				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
2-methylpropan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2460 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2830 mg/kg	-
benzyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	>4178 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
,	mists		0	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.23 g/kg	-
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.28 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1280 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	_
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1465 mg/kg	_
-,	LD50 Oral	Rat	1716 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	6069.19 mg/kg
Dermal	7198.1 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	69.76 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	11.17 mg/l

# Irritation/Corrosion

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Skin - Irritant	Human	-	-	-
xylene 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Visible necrosis	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	- -	- 24 hours 500 mg 4 hours	- - 7 days

### **Conclusion/Summary**

:	There are no data available on the mixture itself.
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Skin Eyes

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	skin	Mouse	Sensitising
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol 3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	skin skin	Guinea pig Guinea pig	Sensitising Sensitising

# **Conclusion/Summary**

Skin Respiratory	<ul><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li><li>There are no data available on the mixture itself.</li></ul>
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene 2-methylpropan-1-ol	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

# **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result	
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

	-
Potential acute health effect	<u>'S</u>
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Ingestion	: Corrosive to the digestive tract. Causes burns.
Skin contact	: Causes severe burns. Defatting to the skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness dryness cracking blistering may occur
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Delayed and immediate effe	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	<ul> <li>Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Other information	: Not available.
Causes digestive tract hurns	Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skip and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high

Causes digestive tract burns. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapour/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing.

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# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Atty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	EC10 1.78 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
2-methylpropan-1-ol 2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 1100 mg/l Acute LC50 175 mg/l Acute EC50 1.8 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia Fish Daphnia	48 hours 96 hours 48 hours
	water Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Ceriodaphnia dubia	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethylbenzene	-	79 % - Readily - 10 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine xylene	-	-	Not readily Readily
benzyl alcohol ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
2-methylpropan-1-ol	1	-	low
benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
2,4,6-tris(dimethylaminomethyl)phenol	0.219	-	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
3,6-diazaoctanethylenediamin	-1.66 to -1.4	-	low

# **12.4 Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K <sub>oc</sub> )	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

# 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.

Furopean	waste	catalogue	(FWC)
Luiopean	Waste	catalogue	

Waste code	Waste designation	
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
Container	15 01 06 mixed packaging	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

# 14. Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469	UN3469
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE	PAINT, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)	3 (8)
14.4 Packing group	111	Ш	=======================================	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	(Polyamide)	Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

**ADR/RID** 

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830
Code <th::00218768< th="">       Date of issue/Date of revision       : 5 January 2022         SIGMAZINC 102 HS / 109 HS HARDENER      </th::00218768<>
14. Transport information
Tunnel code       : (D/E)         ADN       : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
<ul> <li>IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.</li> <li>IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.</li> </ul>
<b>14.6 Special precautions for</b> : <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk       : Not applicable.         according to IMO         instruments
SECTION 15: Regulatory information
<ul> <li>15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture</li> <li>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</li> <li>Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation</li> <li>Annex XIV</li> <li>None of the components are listed.</li> <li>Substances of very high concern</li> <li>None of the components are listed.</li> <li>Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.</li> <li>on the manufacture,</li> <li>placing on the market</li> <li>and use of certain</li> <li>dangerous substances,</li> <li>mixtures and articles</li> <li>Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)</li> <li>Not listed.</li> </ul>
Seveso Directive This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive. Danger criteria
Category
P5c E2
<b>15.2 Chemical safety</b> : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.
SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

# Abbreviations and acronyms

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

IATA = International Air Transport Association

# Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Corr. 1C, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

English (GB)	United Kingdom (UK)	17/18
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEA	TED EXPOSURE -
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B	
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C	
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Cate	egory 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Cate	egory 1
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - C	Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - C	ategory 2
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	

Category 3

<u>History</u>	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 5 January 2022
Date of previous issue	: 16 July 2021
Prepared by	: EHS
Version	: 23.02

# **Disclaimer**

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